Dissecting the Haniyeh, Shukr assassinations and their impact

written by Col. (res.) Dr. Hanan Shai | 01.08.2024

Col. (res.) Dr. Hanan Shai: Such an operation is an expression of the political echelon in the Israeli army. Also, credit must be given to the political echelon who made the brave decision to approve the operation. Should it have failed, the blame would be put on Netanyahu and not on the army.

Published in The Jerusalem Post, August 1, 2024.



War Without End: 300 Days of

Israel's Multifront Conflict

written by Prof. Kobi Michael | 01.08.2024

Prof. Kobi Michael: The attack on Majdal Shams may damage Hezbollah's international reputation.

They understand that they will be harshly criticized by the international community and even might legitimize a severe Israeli response.

Published in The Media Line, August 1, 2024.



The assassination of Ismail Haniyeh in Iran

written by Arsen Ostrovsky | 01.08.2024

Arsen Ostrovsky: We have to remember that Hamas leader Ismail Haniyeh was an arch-terrorist with blood on his hands and key architect of Oct 7 massacre. His elimination was legal, just, moral and ought to be applauded by all who seek peace and a better Middle East.

The interview took place on CNN India on July 31, 2024/

White House: Israel Work To Head

Off Widening of Mideast War Following Strike Against Hezbollah in Lebanon

written by Dr. Yossi Mansharof | 01.08.2024

Dr. Yossi Mansharof: Israel must make all intelligence sensors operational.

Published in The New York Sun, July 30, 2024.



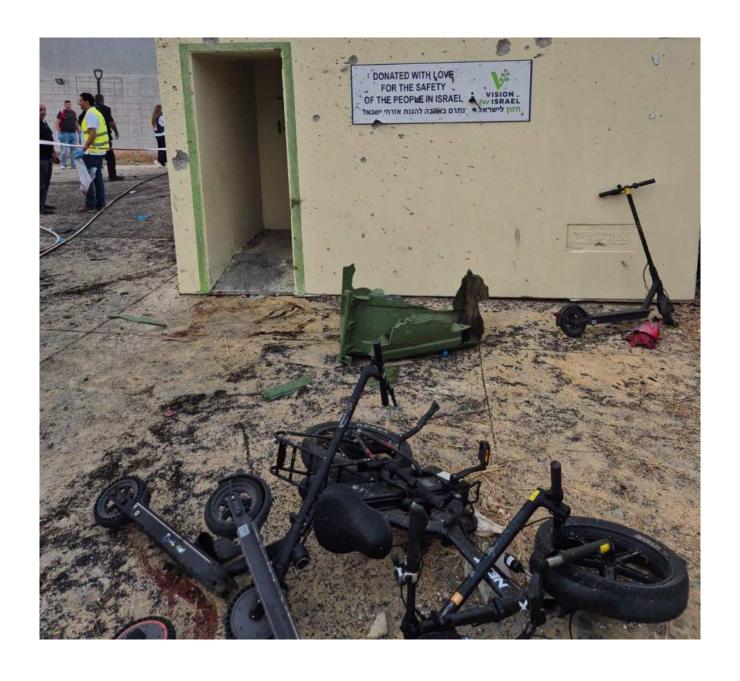
Israel, Lebanon bracing for military escalation after Hezbollah attack kills 12 children

written by Dr. Yossi Mansharof | 01.08.2024

Dr. Yossi Mansharof: In Israeli society, there is an almost total consensus that a war against Hezbollah is an unavoidable necessity. The Israeli public expects a more significant response than it has seen so far. At the same time Israel, Hezbollah and Iran are not interested in sliding into an all-out war.

Dr. Raphael BenLevi: The way of threading the needle is to "attack Hezbollah arsenals and sites from the air, as well as a ground incursion that would stop far short of Beirut, and likely even short of the Litani river. Israel would be unlikely to try to destroy Hezbollah, in contrast with Hamas in Gaza, in order to avoid a broader conflict with its sponsor Iran.

The interview was published in JewishInsider on July 29, 2024.



How should Israel respond to Hezbollah's rocket atrocity?

written by Brig. Gen. (res.) Yossi Kuperwasser | 01.08.2024

Brig. Gen. (res.) Yossi Kuperwasser: The primary objective must be clear: to deliver a severe blow to Hezbollah to show that we do not overlook such a heinous act. That Hezbollah had used a rocket with such a heavy warhead in a civilian area with full awareness was a new development and something Israel

cannot accept.

The interview was published in JNS on July 28, 2024.



Is Elon Musk the Next Great Jewish Ally?

written by Arsen Ostrovsky | 01.08.2024

Arsen Ostrovsky: Musk has shown exemplary courage and principled leadership in calling out antisemitism after October 7 and willingness to take on Jew-hatred and incitement, including on his own platform, while still maintaining a commitment to free-speech. The pro-Israel community can truly consider him an ally.

Published in NY Sun, July 28, 2024.



An all out war might be very risky

written by Prof. Kobi Michael | 01.08.2024

Prof. Kobi Michael: The military could manage escalation by striking Hezbollah rather than Lebanese targets.

I assume that Israel still prefers not to expand the war and to turn into all out war with Hezbollah, at least under the current circumstances when we are still busy in Gaza, and we haven't built yet the agreement with the US. An all out war might be very risky as it could turn into a broader regional war with an active involvement of the Iranians. And here, Israel needs the US – mainly with regard to ammunition.

Published in Inews UK, July 28. 2024.



Hamas's sham deal with Fatah stinks of duplicity

written by Meir Ben Shabbat | 01.08.2024

Meir Ben Shabbat: Both Fatah and Hamas made an effort to present China in a positive light. The agreement is full of holes will end like its predecessors.

Israel's stance on such ideas and agreements should be firm and clear: Hamas is a monstrous terrorist organization and Israel will continue to pursue Hamas terrorists in every setting and in every guise in which its forces appear.

Published in JNS, July 26, 2024.



Israel's Parliament Heads to Recess With Many Hot Potatoes on the Agenda

written by Dr. Adi Schwartz | 01.08.2024

Dr. Adi Schwartz: It is not clear that a deal is possible. Such a deal might complicate Israel further. It will be very difficult for Israel to resume the war effort after several weeks of cease-fire, and all the hostages will never be released. Hamas will keep the hostages as an insurance policy.

Published in The Media Line, July 24, 2024.

